National Bank of Fujairah PJSC
Condensed consolidated interim financial
information
For the six month period ended
30 June 2019

## Condensed consolidated interim financial information For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

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# REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL BANK OF FUJAIRAH PJSC

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information of National Bank of Fujairah P.J.S.C. (the "Bank"), which comprise the consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019 and the related consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the six month period then ended and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

#### Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 11 February 2019. Furthermore, the condensed consolidated interim financial information as at and for the period ended 30 June 2018 was reviewed by another auditor who expressed an unqualified conclusion on the interim financial information on 17 July 2018.

For Ernst & Young

Signed by:

Joseph Alexander Murphy

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Partner

Registration No. 492

21 July 2019

Dubai, United Arab Emirates

## Consolidated interim statement of financial position

As at 30 June 2019

	Note	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Assets			
Cash and balances with the UAE Central Bank	5	6,144,859	6,722,964
Due from banks and financial institutions	6	2,152,797	1,415,362
Investments and Islamic instruments	7	3,548,015	2,713,447
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	8	27,919,362	26,202,411
Property and equipment and capital work-in-progress		334,656	292,048
Other assets		2,439,198	2,437,054
Total assets		42,538,887	39,783,286
Liabilities			
Due to banks	11	2,624,441	569,314
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	12	30,995,476	30,472,471
Term borrowings	11	752,965	863,155
Other liabilities		2,783,760	2,756,480
Total liabilities		37,156,642	34,661,420
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Shareholders' equity	13	1 050 012	1 644 455
Share capital	13	1,850,012	1,644,455
Statutory reserve		936,053	936,053
Special reserve		506,492	506,492
Fair value reserve		16,829	(27,932)
Proposed cash dividends			123,334
Proposed bonus issue	40.5		205,557
Impairment reserve	10.2	238,450	266,440
Retained earnings		1,334,409	967,467
Tier 1 capital notes	14	500,000	500,000
Total shareholders' equity		5,382,245	5,121,866
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		42,538,887	39,783,286

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 21 July 2019 and was signed on its behalf by:

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Vince Cook

Chief Financial Officer

The notes on pages 7 to 38 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information. The independent auditor's report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1.

## **Consolidated interim statement of income – (Unaudited)**

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

	Note	Three month period ended 30 June 2019 AED'000	Three month period ended 30 June 2018 AED'000	Six month period ended 30 June 2019 AED'000	Six month period ended 30 June 2018 AED'000
Interest income and income from Islamic financing and investment					
activities Interest expense and distribution to		487,400	434,573	962,214	821,047
Islamic depositors		(204,491)	(153,825)	(398,934)	(295,960)
Net interest income and net income from Islamic financing					
and investment activities		282,909	280,748	563,280	525,087
Net fees and commission income Foreign exchange and derivatives		91,202	73,537	177,182	155,756
income Income from investments and		34,324	33,746	74,223	70,002
Islamic instruments		938	2,351	5,576	1,749
Other operating income		16,642	9,163	21,207	16,143
Operating income		426,015	399,545	841,468	768,737
Operating expenses		And the second distribution in		-	
Employee benefits expense		(95,422)	(88,890)	(185,296)	(172,156)
Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses		(9,471) (39,213)	(6,439) (32,343)	(18,262) (70,922)	(12,629) (64,102)
Other operating expenses		(39,213)	(32,343)	(70,922)	(04,102)
Total operating expenses		(144,106)	(127,672)	(274,480)	(248,887)
Operating profit		281,909	271,873	566,988	519,850
Net impairment losses	15	(92,457)	(107,050)	(209,911)	(209,673)
Profit for the period		189,452	164,823	357,077	310,177
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	16	<b>AED 0.10</b>	<b>AED 0.09</b>	<b>AED 0.18</b>	AED 0.15

Appropriations have been reflected in the consolidated interim statement of changes in equity.

The notes on pages 7 to 38 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information. The independent auditor's report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1.

## **Consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income – (Unaudited)**

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

	Three month period ended 30 June 2019 AED'000	Three month period ended 30 June 2018 AED'000	Six month period ended 30 June 2019 AED'000	Six month period ended 30 June 2018 AED'000
Profit for the period	189,452	164,823	357,077	310,177
Other comprehensive income:				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to income statement:				
Movement in fair value reserve (equity instruments):				
- Net change in fair value	7,677	1,081	23,391	(9,679)
- Net amount transferred to retained earnings	(248)	98	1,058	(2,698)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement:  Movement in fair value reserve (debt instruments):				
- Net change in fair value	9,284	(838)	21,520	1,169
- Net amount transferred to income statement	(413)	(243)	(1,208)	(1,087)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	16,300	98	44,761	(12,295)
Total comprehensive income for the period	205,752	164,921	401,838	297,882
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The notes on pages 7 to 38 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information. The independent auditor's report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1.

## Consolidated interim statement of cash flows – (Unaudited)

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

Operating activities	Note	Six month period ended 30 June 2019 AED'000	Six month period ended 30 June 2018 AED'000
Profit for the period		357,077	310,177
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization		18,262	12,629
Provision for employee end of service and other long term benefits		9,480	8,142
Net impairment losses	15	209,911	209,673
Net fair value gains on disposal of investments and Islamic			
instruments		(131)	(3,355)
Net changes in fair value of investments at fair value through profit			
or loss		(5,445)	1,606
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in			
operating assets and liabilities and payment of employee end of			
service and other long term benefits		589,154	538,872
Payment of employee end of service and other long term benefits		(6,683)	(4,936)
Change in statutory reserve with the UAE Central Bank		(177,063)	(220,449)
Change in due from banks and financial institutions		81,780	
Change in loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables		•	(2,372,637)
Change in due to header		(2,144)	i i
Change in due to banks		(174,521)	100,700
Change in other lie hilities		523,005	
Change in other liabilities  Not each wood in expending activities		(25,904) (1,106,919)	(1,313,605)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,100,919)	(1,313,005)
Investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment and capital work-in-progress		(20,997)	(26,823)
Purchase of investments and Islamic instruments			(1,662,462)
Proceeds from sale of investments and Islamic instruments		872,903	997,163
Net cash used in investing activities		(807,040)	(692,122)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from term borrowings		183,650	385,665
Repayment of term borrowings		(293,840)	(514,220)
Cash dividends paid		(123,334)	(102,489)
Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid		(18,125)	(35,094)
Net cash used in financing activities		(251,649)	(266,138)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(2,165,608)	(2,271,865)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		5,530,379	5,849,839
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	19	3,364,771	3,577,974

The notes on pages 7 to 38 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information. The independent auditor's report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1.

National Bank of Fujairah PJSC

Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity – (Unaudited) For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

	Share capital AED'000	Statutory reserve AED'000	Special reserve AED'000	Fair value reserve AED'000	Proposed dividends AED'000	Retained earnings AED'000	Impairment reserve AED'000	Tier 1 capital notes AED'000	Total AED'000
At 01 January 2018	1,366,527	549,992	444,992	(4,089)	204,978	1,328,238		1,000,000	4.890.638
Initial application of IFRS 9	ť			6,105		(300,772)	113,956		(180,711)
Restated balance at 01 January 2018	1,366,527	549,992	444,992	2,016	204,978	1,027,466	113,956	1,000,000	4,709,927
Total comprehensive income for the period Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid (note 14)	0 0	E E	6 6 = 90	(12,295)	Î Î	310,177	7 3	<b>11</b>	297,882
2017 cash dividends paid	in.	[06)	Ñ		(102,489)		1	3	(102,489)
2017 bonus shares issued	102,489	g.	90	-	(102,489)	<u>g</u>			
At 30 June 2018	1,469,016	549,992	444,992	(10,279)		1,302,549	113,956	1,000,000	4,870,226
At 01 January 2019	1,644,455	936,053	506,492	(27,932)	328,891	967,467	266,440	500,000	5,121,866
period  Excess movieions under CB11AE	110	<u>p</u> (	1 10	44,761		357,077	13	15	401.838
requirements over IFRS 9 (note 10.2)  Tier 1 capital notes common paid (note	1.	K.	K	1	E	27,990	(27,990)	19	īn
14)	100	£)	1:		×	(18,125)	3		(18,125)
2018 bonus shares issued	205,557	E   E	T. I.	* *	(123,334) (205,557)	<del>i i</del>	3  3	919	(123,334)
At 30 June 2019	1,850,012	936,053	506,492	16,829	ū	1,334,409	238,450	500,000	5,382,245

The independent auditors' report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1. The notes on pages 7 to 38 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019

### 1. Legal status and activities

National Bank of Fujairah (the Bank) is a Public Joint Stock Company registered under the laws of the United Arab Emirates. The Bank operates under a banking license issued on 29 August 1984 by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates (the UAE Central Bank) and commenced operations on 20 September 1984. The shares of the Bank were listed on Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX) on 23 October 2005.

The principal activity of the Bank is commercial banking which is carried out from its network of eighteen branches, including an electronic banking service unit in Al Reef - Abu Dhabi, across the UAE in Fujairah, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Dibba, Jebel Ali, Musaffah, Masafi, Qidfah, Deira, Tawian, Al-Ain, Fujairah City Centre, Al Quoz, Fujairah Free Zone, Al Ras and Fujairah Court.

The Bank has three fully owned subsidiary companies:

- NBF Financial Services FZC was established in December 2004 with limited liability status in the Fujairah Free Trade Zone to provide support services to the Bank.
- NBF Capital Limited is registered in the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) as a private company under DIFC laws and regulations and regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA). The Company was established on 03 April 2013 and commenced operations on 12 May 2013. The principal business activities of the Company are arranging credit or deals in investments and advising on financial products or credit.
- NBF Markets (Cayman) Limited is registered in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company limited by shares under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands and regulated by the Cayman Island Government General Registry. The Company was established on 31 January 2017 to provide support services to the Bank to enter into foreign exchange and derivative transactions with financial institutions / counterparties under the terms and conditions of International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA).

The condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six month period ended 30 June 2019 comprise the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as 'the Group').

UAE Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 (Companies Law) which is applicable to the Group has come into effect from 01 July 2015. The Group had assessed, evaluated and ensured compliance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Law.

The registered address of the Group is Hamad Bin Abdullah Street, P. O. Box 887, Fujairah, United Arab Emirates.

## 2. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with IFRS, International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34: Interim Financial Reporting as issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB).

These condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required for full annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 2. Basis of preparation (continued)

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, significant judgments made by the management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018 except for the new judgements and estimates explained in Note 3.

#### 3. Significant accounting policies

#### Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 01 January 2019. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019

(a) IFRS 16 'Leases' - The Group adopted IFRS 16 from 01 January 2019, and has not restated the comparative for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard.

The effect of adoption IFRS 16 is as follows:

Impact on the statement of financial position (increase / decrease) as at 30 June 2019:

	2019
	AED'000
Property and equipment and capital work-in-progress	
Right-of-use assets	39,873
Accumulated depreciation	(4,597)
	35,276
Other liabilities	
Lease liabilities	35,561

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019 (continued)

## (a) IFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Impact on the statement of income (increase / decrease) for the six month period ended 30 June 2019:

	2019
	AED'000
Rent expense	4,889
Depreciation and amortization	(4,597)
Operating profit	292
Finance costs	(562)_
Net impact	(270)_

#### Nature of the effect of adoption of IFRS 16

The Group has lease contracts for various items of property and equipment. Before the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group classified each of its leases at the inception date as an operating lease. In an operating lease, the leased property was not capitalised and the lease payments were recognised as rent expense in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any prepaid rent and accrued rent were recognised under prepayments and other liabilities, respectively.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases that it is the lessee, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognized lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Set out below are the new accounting policies of the Group upon adoption of IFRS 16:

### Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019 (continued)

### (a) IFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

### Lease liabilities (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of property and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of property and equipment that are considered of low value. Payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group has the option, under some of its leases to lease the assets for an additional term. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew (e.g., a change in business strategy).

# (b) IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments' - 'Financial Amendment to IFRS 9, Financial instruments', on prepayment features with negative compensation

The Board has issued a narrow-scope amendment to IFRS 9 to enable entities to measure at amortized cost some prepayable financial assets with negative compensation. The assets affected, that include some loans and debt securities, would otherwise have been measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

This amendment confirm that when a financial liability measured at amortized cost is modified without this resulting in de-recognition, a gain or loss should be recognized immediately in profit or loss. The gain or loss is calculated as the difference between the original contractual cash flows and the modified cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. This means that the difference cannot be spread over the remaining life of the instrument which may be a change in practice from IAS 39.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty, and actual results may therefore differ resulting in future changes in these estimates. In preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Changes to judgements made in applying accounting policies that have most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the period ended 30 June 2019 pertain to the changes introduced because of adoption of IFRS 16: *Leases*, which are covered in the above section.

### 4. Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives, policies and procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### (a) Fair value measurement principles

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

When available, the fair value of a financial instrument is based on quoted market prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a quoted market price is not available or if a market for a financial instrument is not active, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, discounted cash flow methods, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist. For investments under management with external fund managers, fair value is provided by the external fund managers, and is determined based on the market value of underlying investments of each fund. In all other cases, the instruments are measured at acquisition cost, including transaction cost, less impairment losses, if any.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate is a market-related rate at the date of the consolidated interim statement of financial position for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

Fair values reflect the credit risk of the instrument and include adjustments to take account of the credit risk of the Group and the counterparty, where appropriate. Fair value estimates obtained from models are adjusted for any other factors, such as liquidity risk or model uncertainties; to the extent that the Group believes a third-party market participant would take them into account in pricing a transaction.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 4. Financial risk management (continued)

### (a) Fair value measurement principles (continued)

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Group would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the date of the consolidated interim statement of financial position, taking into account current market conditions and the current creditworthiness of the counterparty.

### (b) Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry, group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly recurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable input, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

Pursuant to disclosure requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, the Group has disclosed the relevant information in the table below:

#### Fair value measurement – fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	Notional AED'000	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000
Investments and Islamic instruments				
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks	-	2,351,250	-	-
Other investments	-	585,975	4,867	
Customer deposits and Islamic customer				
deposits			7,195	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	15,424,637	-	(16,008)	-
Currency options	9,788,829	-	136	-
Interest rate derivatives	9,982,222	-	(9,898)	-
Commodity derivatives	1,926,029	-	3,564	-

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 4. Financial risk management (continued)

### (b) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

### Fair value measurement - fair value hierarchy

31 December 2018 (Audited)	Notional AED'000	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000
Investments and Islamic instruments				
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks	2	1,529,534	**	2
Other investments	2	613,931	5,429	(77) <u>a</u>
Customer deposits and Islamic customer				
deposits		(₩)	7,000	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	14,647,688	-	(8,039)	-
Currency options	8,370,758	-	25	-
Interest rate derivatives	9,591,248	*	(3,118)	~
Commodity derivatives	704,964	:=:	(3,896)	

### (c) Management of liquidity risk

The positive / negative fair values of derivative financial instruments, entered into by the Group, at the reporting date are as below:

	30 June	30 June 2019 (Unaudited)		30 June 2019 (Unaudited)			mber 2018 (A	udited)
	Positive fair value AED'000	Negative fair value AED'000	Net AED'000	Positive fair value AED'000	Negative fair value AED'000	Net AED'000		
Derivatives			15					
Forward foreign exchange		27						
contracts	22,401	38,409	(16,008)	37,149	45,188	(8,039)		
Currency options	17,380	17,244	136	10,219	10,194	25		
Interest rate derivatives	153,550	163,448	(9,898)	56,378	59,496	(3,118)		
Commodity derivatives	29,338	25,774	3,564	39,060	42,956	(3,896)		
	222,669	244,875	22,206	142,806	157,834	(15,028)		

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 4. Financial risk management (continued)

### (d) Financial assets and liabilities

Classification and measurement

The fair values and carrying values of the financial assets and liabilities at 30 June 2019 are shown below:

30 June 2019 (Unaudited) Financial assets	At fair value through profit or loss AED'000	At fair value through other comprehensive income AED'000	Amortized cost AED'000	Allowances for impairment (ECL) AED'000	Carrying amount AED'000
Cash and balances with					
the UAE Central Bank Due from banks and financial	-	-	6,144,859		6,144,859
institutions			2,159,520	(6,723)	2,152,797
Investments and Islamic instruments	23,431	2,918,662	609,080	(3,158)	3,548,015
Loans and advances and Islamic					
financing receivables	=	*	29,194,834	(1,275,472)	27,919,362
Other assets		-	2,403,840	<del>-</del>	2,403,840
Total financial assets	23,431	2,918,662	40,512,133	(1,285,353)	42,168,873
Financial liabilities					
Due to banks	<u> </u>	-	2,624,441	-	2,624,441
Customer deposits and Islamic					
customer deposits	7,195	-	30,988,281	-	30,995,476
Term borrowings	-	-	752,965	-	752,965
Other liabilities	-		2,546,140	54,551	2,600,691
Total financial liabilities	7,195	<del></del>	36,911,827	54,551	36,973,573

The Group performed a detailed analysis of its business models for managing financial assets and analysis of their cash flow characteristics.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 5. Cash and balances with the UAE Central Bank

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Cash on hand	201,257	226,243
Certificates of deposit (CDs) with the UAE Central Bank	4,325,000	4,675,000
Other balances with the UAE Central Bank (note 5.1)	1,618,602	1,821,721
	6,144,859	6,722,964

5.1 Other balances with the UAE Central Bank include regulatory cash reserve deposits of 1,618.6 million (31 December 2018: AED 1,441.5 million).

#### 6. Due from banks and financial institutions

6.1	By type	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
	Placements	310,285	100,000
	Current accounts / term deposits	1,276,131	568,746
	Bills discounted	573,104	753,346
		2,159,520	1,422,092
	Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(6,723)	(6,730)
		2,152,797	1,415,362

As at 30 June 2019, current accounts / term deposits include cash collateral of AED 162.3 million (31 December 2018: AED 28.1 million) in respect of negative fair value of derivatives, in accordance with the Credit Support Annex (CSA) agreements with the interbank counterparties.

		30 June	31 December
		2019	2018
		AED'000	<b>AED'000</b>
		Unaudited	Audited
6.2	By geographical area		
	UAE	513,007	572,382
	GCC	291,047	71,842
	Europe	161,827	407,137
	Americas	946,989	81,715
	Others	246,650	289,016
		2,159,520	1,422,092
	Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(6,723)	(6,730)
		2,152,797	1,415,362

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

BBB

BBB- and below

Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)

6.	Due from banks and financial institutions (continued)		
		30 June	31 December
		2019	2018
		<b>AED'000</b>	AED'000
		Unaudited	Audited
6.3	By currency		
	AED	373,262	436,987
	USD	1,618,883	499,660
	EUR	48,758	381,984
	GBP	6,417	5,826
	XAU	-	15,972
	Others	112,200	81,663
		2,159,520	1,422,092
	Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(6,723)	(6,730)
		2,152,797	1,415,362
		30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
6.4	Based on external credit ratings		
	AA	4,833	63
	AA-	62,185	41,017
	A+	107,263	43,729
	A	223,253	193,176
	A-	237,487	76,022
	BBB+	1,065,575	438,903

17,490

441,434

(6,723)

2,159,520

2,152,797

125,584

503,598

1,422,092

1,415,362

(6,730)

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 6. Due from banks and financial institutions (continued)

### 6.5 Due from banks and financial institutions stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of due from banks and financial institutions. The gross carrying amount of due from banks and financial institutions, including accrued interest, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

#### 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)

		· ·		
	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	2,135,695	24,099	-	2,159,794
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(6,360)	(363)	~	(6,723)
Carrying amount	2,129,335	23,736	-	2,153,071

#### 31 December 2018 (Audited)

	31 December 2010 (Mantea)			
w	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	1,358,499	64,119	<b>=</b>	1,422,618
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(4,781)	(1,949)	;=:	(6,730)
Carrying amount	1,353,718	62,170		1,415,888

Majority of due from banks and financial institutions are in stage 1 throughout the period and therefore have insignificant ECL. Accordingly, there have been no significant movements between stages in respect of these financial assets.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

#### 7. Investments and Islamic instruments

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Investments at fair value through profit or loss		44.704
(FVTPL) (note 7.1)	23,431	44,591
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks (note 7.2)	2,351,250	1,529,534
Other investments (note 7.3)	567,412	574,769
	2,918,662	2,104,303
Investments measured at amortized cost		
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks (note 7.2)	609,080	565,899
	3,551,173	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(3,158)	(1,346)
	3,548,015	2,713,447

- 7.1 Investments at FVTPL include various funds whose fair values are based on the net asset values provided by the fund managers.
- 7.2 Debt securities aggregating AED 2,960.3 million (31 December 2018: AED 2,095.4 million) represent the Group's investments in bonds and notes which are quoted on recognized exchanges and prices of which are available on internationally recognized platforms of Reuters and Bloomberg and are liquid in normal market conditions. The debt securities portfolio includes floating rate securities amounting to AED 941.5 million (31 December 2018: AED 761.2 million).

Debt securities include Islamic sukuks amounting to AED 653.3 million (31 December 2018: AED 528.2 million).

- 7.3 Other investments include nil (31 December 2018: AED 0.16 million) shares purchased by the Bank during the period.
- 7.4 The dispersion of the investment portfolio is set out below:

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	<b>AED'000</b>	<b>AED'000</b>
	Unaudited	Audited
Government	1,311,849	905,536
Banks and financial institutions	1,439,349	968,343
Others	799,975	840,914
	3,551,173	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(3,158)	(1,346)
	3,548,015	2,713,447

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 7. Investments and Islamic instruments (continued)

## 7.5 By geography

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
UAE	709,488	521,603
GCC	305,440	227,212
Europe	803,692	788,692
Americas	892,621	480,709
Others	839,932	696,577
	3,551,173	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(3,158)	(1,346)
	3,548,015	2,713,447

### 7.6 By currency

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
AED USD EUR JPY	467 3,517,080 22,638 10,988	467 2,656,476 40,058 17,792
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	3,551,173 (3,158) 3,548,015	2,714,793 (1,346) 2,713,447

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 7. Investments and Islamic instruments (continued)

## 7.7 Based on external credit ratings

30 June 2019 (Unaudited)	Debt securities / Islamic sukuks AED'000	Other investments AED'000	Total AED'000
AAA	404,241	96,803	501,044
AA+	14	93,853	93,853
AA	226,064		226,064
AA-	745,484	4	745,484
A+	235,552	119,547	355,099
A	280,144	118,310	398,454
A-	531,641	100,790	632,431
BBB+	110,720	181	110,720
BBB- and below	426,485	61,539	488,024
Less: Allowances for			
impairment (ECL)	(2,460)	(698)	(3,158)
	2,957,871	590,144	3,548,015

<b>31 December 2018</b>	Debt securities /		
(Audited)	Islamic sukuks	Other investments	Total
` '	<b>AED'000</b>	AED'000	<b>AED'000</b>
AAA	128,249	91,733	219,982
AA+	94,558	æ	94,558
AA	274,714	90,692	365,406
AA-	386,860	ties:	386,860
A+	339,840	113,568	453,408
A	77,619	206,495	284,114
A-	292,822	% <b>≐</b>	292,822
BBB+	149,065		149,065
BBB- and below	351,706	116,872	468,578
Less: Allowances for			
impairment (ECL)	(1,051)	(295)	(1,346)
9	2,094,382	619,065	2,713,447

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 7. Investments and Islamic instruments (continued)

### 7.8 Debt investments and Islamic instruments stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of debt investments and Islamic instruments. The gross carrying amount of debt investments and Islamic instruments, including accrued interest / profit, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

		30 June 2019 (	Unaudited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	3,489,634	*	-	3,489,634
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(3,158)		14	(3,158)
Carrying amount	3,486,476	-	196	3,486,476
				20
	3	1 December 201	8 (Audited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	2,597,921	-	:: <b>:</b>	2,597,921
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(1,346)	<u>₩</u> α		(1,346)
Carrying amount	2,596,575	(1)		2,596,575

Debt investments and Islamic instruments are in stage 1 throughout the period and therefore have insignificant ECL. Accordingly, there have been no significant movements between stages in respect of these financial assets.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

Outstanding balance

#### 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables

8.1 By type	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Overdrafts	2,601,723	2,227,625
Term loans	20,147,238	19,178,357
Loans against trust receipts	3,559,967	3,361,286
Bills discounted	2,584,252	2,304,705
Bills drawn under letters of credit	301,654	295,260
Gross loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	29,194,834	27,367,233
Allowances for impairment (ECL) (note 10.1)	(1,275,472)	(1,164,822)
Net loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	27,919,362	26,202,411

8.2 Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables include Murabaha Tawarruq and Ijara financing activities amounting to AED 3,231.5 million (31 December 2018; AED 3,058.1 million) provided through a Shari'a compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic.

#### 8.3 Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of loans and advances and Islamic receivables and acceptances. The gross carrying amount of loans and advances and Islamic receivables and acceptances, including accrued interest / profit, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

		30 June 2019	(Unaudited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	26,913,836	2,998,180	1,571,247	31,483,263
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(241,718)	(175,351)	(858,403)	(1,275,472)
Carrying amount	26,672,118	2,822,829	712,844	30,207,791
		31 December 2	2018 (Audited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding halanse	24,992,897	3,182,337	1,538,965	29,714,199

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

- 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)
- 8.4 Movement in the gross balance and corresponding ECL allowances of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances

Outstanding balance - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	24,992,897	3,182,337	1,538,965	29,714,199
Transferred from Stage 1	(506,663)	484,512	22,151	le.
Transferred from Stage 2	304,619	(379,222)	74,603	-
Transferred from Stage 3	2	5,123	(5,123)	-
Originated / derecognised during the period	2,122,983	(294,570)	27,598	1,856,011
Written-off during the period		<b>3</b>	(86,947)	(86,947)
Gross carrying amount - 30 June 2019	26,913,836	2,998,180	1,571,247	31,483,263
Outstanding balance - AED'000  Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018	Stage 1 22,152,732	Stage 2 3,236,893	Stage 3 1,656,826	Total 27,046,451
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the	Ü		J	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018	Ü	3,236,893	1,656,826	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	<b>22,152,732</b> (461,477)	3,236,893	<b>1,656,826</b> 57,611	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have: Transferred from Stage 1	<b>22,152,732</b> (461,477)	<b>3,236,893</b> 403,866	<b>1,656,826</b> 57,611 322,675	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have: Transferred from Stage 1 Transferred from Stage 2	<b>22,152,732</b> (461,477)	<b>3,236,893</b> 403,866 (322,675)	<b>1,656,826</b> 57,611 322,675	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018  Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:  Transferred from Stage 1  Transferred from Stage 2  Transferred from Stage 3	<b>22,152,732</b> (461,477)	3,236,893 403,866 (322,675) 3,498	57,611 322,675 (3,498)	27,046,451

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

- 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)
- 8.5 Movement in the provision for impairment of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances

ECL - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance - 31 December 2018	166,819	188,542	809,461	1,164,822
Transferred from Stage 1	(5,485)	34,300	10,383	39,198
Transferred from Stage 2	4,807	(25,079)	35,979	15,707
Transferred from Stage 3 Originated / derecognised during the period	2	73	(1,337)	(1,264)
including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	75,577	(22,485)	90,864	143,956
Net allowance for impairment losses	74,899	(13,191)	135,889	197,597
Written-off during the period	-	_	(86,947)	(86,947)
ECL allowance - 30 June 2019	241,718	175,351	858,403	1,275,472
ECL - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance - 01 January 2018  Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	109,607	186,257	1,108,686	1,404,550
Transferred from Stage 1	(3,793)	13,300	19,036	28,543
Transferred from Stage 2	2=	(29,552)	171,585	142,033
Transferred from Stage 3	(#	200	(1,773)	(1,573)
Originated / derecognised during the year including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	61,005	18,337	172,791	252,133
Net allowance for impairment losses	57,212	2,285	361,639	421,136
Written-off during the year	12	≥	(660,864)	(660,864)
ECL allowance - 31 December 2018	166,819	188,542	809,461	1,164,822

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)

## 8.6 Risk mitigation, credit quality, collateral and credit enhancements

The Group manages credit exposure by obtaining security where appropriate, and in certain cases, the Group may also close out transactions or assign them to other counterparties to mitigate credit risk.

The amount and type of collateral depends on assessments of the credit risk of the counterparty. The types of collateral mainly include cash, guarantees, pledge over listed shares and mortgage and liens over properties or other securities over assets. Pledged interests over vehicles, ships and equipment are also obtained. Collateral generally is not held against non-trading investments and due from banks and financial institutions.

Management monitors the market value of collateral, and wherever necessary the Group requests additional collateral in accordance with the underlying agreement, and considers collateral obtained during its review of the adequacy of the allowance for impairment losses.

Estimates of fair value are generally assessed on a periodic basis in accordance with the respective credit policies.

The credit quality of the loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables is managed by the Group using internal credit ratings comprising 22 grades. The risk rating system is used as a credit risk management tool whereby any risks taken on the Group's books are rated against a set of predetermined standards which are in line with the UAE Central Bank guidelines.

The Group's Credit Risk Rating Methodology reflects its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparties mapped to the ratings specified by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs). The mapping is based on a statistical model which takes into consideration the industry weights, country specific factors and the sensitivity of the counter party to systematic risk. Risk classification / grading system has been presented below:

#### Risk Grade

	30 June	31 December
	2019 AED'000	2018 AED'000
Q.	Unaudited	Audited
Stage 1 and 2 (RR 1-19)		
Grades 1-18: Performing or normal	26,851,300	25,005,837
Grade 19: Other Loans Especially Mentioned (OLEM)	949,977	958,114
-	27,801,277	25,963,951
Stage 3 (RR 20-22)		
Grade 20: Sub-standard	152,738	215,117
Grade 21: Doubtful	295,763	439,527
Grade 22: Loss	945,056	748,638
	1,393,557	1,403,282
Total	29,194,834	27,367,233

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 9. Contingent liabilities and commitments

Contingent liabilities represent credit related commitments under letters of credit and guarantees which are designed to meet the requirements of the Group's customers towards third parties. Commitments represent credit facilities and other capital expenditure commitments of the Group which are undrawn at the date of consolidated interim statement of financial position. All credit related commitments are unconditionally cancellable / revocable at the discretion of the Group except for the amounts mentioned below.

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Contingent liabilities:		
<ul> <li>Letters of credit covering movement of goods</li> </ul>	2,052,687	1,606,439
<ul> <li>Financial guarantees and other direct credit substitutes</li> </ul>	883,641	965,942
<ul> <li>Bid bonds, performance bonds and other</li> </ul>		
transaction related contingencies	5,038,667	5,056,190
	7,974,995	7,628,571
Commitments:		######################################
<ul> <li>Undrawn irrevocable commitments – credit related</li> </ul>	202,439	177,458
- Others	114,740	75,403
	317,179	252,861
	8,292,174	7,881,432
		========

The total undrawn commitments which are revocable at the discretion of the Bank amount to AED 12,871 million (31 December 2018: AED 14,080 million). Many of the contingent liabilities and commitments will expire without being funded in whole or in part. Therefore, the amounts do not necessarily represent expected future cash flows.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 9. Contingent liabilities and commitments (continued)

### 9.1 Off balance sheet exposures stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk of relevant off balance sheet exposures and the related ECL. The gross carrying amount of off balance sheet exposures below represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

30 J	<b>June 201</b>	9 (U	naudi	ted)
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	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	6,825,698	738,546	76,099	7,640,343
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(20,803)	(3,549)	(30,199)	(54,551)
Carrying amount	6,804,895	734,997	45,900	7,585,792

#### 31 December 2018 (Audited)

	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(23,983)	(5,171)	(14,888)	(44,042)
Carrying amount	6,409,158	1,158,315	17,056	7,584,529

### 9.2 Movement in the gross balance and corresponding ECL allowances of off-balance sheet exposures

Outstanding balance - AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571
Transferred from Stage 1	(65,388)	34,094	31,294	_
Transferred from Stage 2	435,020	(455,336)	20,316	-
Transferred from Stage 3			(m)	-
Originated / expired during the period	22,925	(3,698)	(7,455)	11,772
Gross carrying amount - 30 June 2019	6,825,698	738,546	76,099	7,640,343
Outstanding balance – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018  Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	6,491,737	1,237,523	48,022	7,777,282
Transferred from Stage 1	(178,647)	178,545	102	_
Transferred from Stage 2	-	(29,456)	29,456	-
Transferred from Stage 3		735	(735)	-
Originated / expired during the year	120,051	(223,861)	(44,901)	(148,711)
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 9. Contingent liabilities and commitments (continued)

## 9.3 Movement in the provision for impairment of off-balance sheet exposures

ECL – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowances - 31 December 2018	23,983	5,171	14,888	44,042
Transferred from Stage 1	(1,040)	200	10,284	9,444
Transferred from Stage 2	927	(1,788)	9,383	8,522
Transferred from Stage 3	2	_	_	121
Originated / expired during the period including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	(3,067)	(34)	(4,356)	(7,457)
Net allowance for impairment losses	(3,180)	(1,622)	15,311	10,509
ECL allowances - 30 June 2019	20,803	3,549	30,199	54,551
ECL – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowances - 01 January 2018	20,545	5,244	4,937	30,726
Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:				
Transferred from Stage 1	(315)	1,050	56	791
Transferred from Stage 2	=	(186)	16,180	15,994
Transferred from Stage 3	-	5	(327)	(322)
Originated / expired during the year including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	3,753	(942)	(5,958)	(3,147)
Net allowance for impairment losses	3,438	(73)	9,951	13,316
ECL allowances - 31 December 2018	23,983	5,171	14,888	44,042

The provision for ECL against the off-balance sheet exposures disclosed above, amounting to AED 54.6 million, (31 December 2018: AED 44.0 million) is classified under other liabilities.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 10. Stage-wise ECL and movement in the impairment reserve

10.1 The analysis of ECL by stage for loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances, due from banks and financial institutions, debt investments and Islamic instruments and off-balance sheet items is as follows:

## 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)

	Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances	Due from Banks and financial institutions	Investments and Islamic instruments	Off- balance sheet exposures	Total
Stage 3	858,403	-	Œ	30,199	888,602
Stage 2 Stage 1	175,351	363	2 150	3,549	179,263
Stage 1	241,718 417,069	6,360 6,723	3,158 3,158	20,803 <b>24,352</b>	272,039 451,302
Total ECL	1,275,472	6,723	3,158	54,551	1,339,904
31 December 2018 AED'000	(Audited)				
Stage 3	809,461	-	; <del>e</del> :	14,888	824,349
Stage 2	188,542	1,949	:•:	5,171	195,662
Stage 1	166,819	4,781	1,346	23,983	196,929
	355,361	6,730	1,346	29,154	392,591
Total ECL	1,164,822	6,730	1,346	44,042	1,216,940

10.2 The table below analyses the movement in the impairment reserve during the period ended 30 June 2019:

AED'000	Impairment reserve - General	Impairment reserve - Specific	Impairment reserve
At 01 January 2019	75,260	191,180	266,440
Reduction in excess general provision under			
CBUAE over stage 1 and 2 requirements under IFRS 9	(32,214)		(22.214)
Increase in specific provision under CBUAE	(32,214)	-	(32,214)
over stage 3 requirements under IFRS 9	<u>-</u>	4,224	4,224
	(32,214)	4,224	(27,990)
At 30 June 2019	43,046	195,404	238,450

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 11. Due to banks and term borrowings

By type:	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Bilateral borrowings (note 11.1)  Due to banks including balances due to	752,965	863,155
the UAE Central Bank (note 11.2)	2,624,441	569,314
	3,377,406	1,432,469
By geographical area:		
UAE	2,270,807	354,399
GCC	73,460	36,730
Europe	451,323	687,638
Americas	292,760	183,650
Others	289,056	170,052
	3,377,406	1,432,469

As at 30 June 2019, due to banks include cash collateral of AED 1.8 million (31 December 2018: AED 4.7 million), in respect of positive fair value of derivatives, in accordance with the CSA agreements with the interbank counterparties.

11.1 Bilateral borrowings comprise of several borrowings obtained from other banks and financial institutions as follows.

Loan no.	Year obtained	Maturity	Interest rate	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
1	2019	Mar-20	Libor + Margin	183,650	<del>1</del> 6
2	2018	Dec-20	Libor + Margin	73,460	73,460
3	2018	Jun-20	Libor + Margin	91,825	91,825
4	2018	Dec-19	Libor + Margin	55,095	55,095
5	2018	Nov-19	Libor + Margin	55,095	55,095
6	2018	May-20	Libor + Margin	110,190	110,190
7	2018	Mar-19	Libor + Margin	-	183,650
8	2017	Jul-20	Libor + Margin	183,650	183,650
9	2017	Mar-19	Libor + Margin	-	55,095
10	2017	Mar-19	Libor + Margin	-	55,095
				752,965	863,155

Bilateral borrowings include a Murabaha borrowing amounting to AED 183.7 million (31 December 2018: AED 183.7 million) undertaken through a Shari'a - compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic.

Due to banks include gold related borrowings amounting to AED 251.3 million (31 December 2018: AED 311.2 million) utilized to finance gold loans extended to customers on a matched basis.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

#### 12. Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits

	30 June 2019 AED'000	31 December 2018 AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
By type:		
Demand and margin deposits	9,885,348	8,476,605
Saving deposits	313,933	299,997
Fixed term and notice deposits	20,796,195	21,695,869
	30,995,476	30,472,471
By geographical area:		
UAE	28,039,914	26,625,113
GCC	1,410,189	2,653,943
Europe	325,991	154,782
Americas	390,213	399,235
Others	829,169	639,398
	30,995,476	30,472,471
	========	========

Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits include Qard Islamic current accounts, Murabaha Wakala and Mudaraba deposits amounting to AED 3,578.9 million (31 December 2018: AED 4,194.4 million) undertaken through a Shari'a - compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic.

## 13. Shareholders' equity

#### 13.1 Share capital

	30 June	31 December
	2019	2018
	<b>AED'000</b>	<b>AED'000</b>
	Unaudited	Audited
Authorised, issued and fully paid:		
1,850,011,482 shares of AED 1 each		
(2018: 1,644,454,651 shares of AED 1 each)	1,850,012	1,644,455

#### 13.2 Proposed dividend

The Board of Directors proposed a distribution of bonus shares of 12.5% of share capital and cash dividend of 7.5% of share capital for the year ended 31 December 2018. This distribution was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Assembly Meeting held in March 2019.

### 13.3 Conversion of tier 1 capital notes to paid-up share capital

Following approval of the Annual General Assembly Meeting held on 18 March 2018 and regulatory authorities, the tier 1 capital notes of AED 500 million were converted on 30 September 2018 into paid-up share capital represented by 175,438,596 shares of AED 1 each issued at AED 2.85 for each note, resulting in the recognition of AED 324,561,404 in reserves.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 14. Tier 1 capital notes

In March 2013, the Bank issued Tier 1 capital notes with a principal amount of AED 500 million (the "Capital Notes"). Issuance of these Capital Notes was approved by the Bank's Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) in March 2013. The UAE Central Bank has also approved the facility to be considered as Tier 1 capital for regulatory purposes. These Capital Notes bear interest at a fixed rate payable semi-annually in arrears. The Capital Notes are non-cumulative perpetual securities for which there is no fixed redemption date, and are callable by the Bank subject to certain conditions. The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make an interest / coupon payment. These Capital Notes have been converted to paid-up share capital on 30 September 2018 (refer note 13.3).

In March 2015, the Bank issued Tier 1 capital notes with a principal amount of AED 500 million (the "Capital Notes"). Issuance of these Capital Notes was approved by the Bank's Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) in March 2013. The UAE Central Bank has also approved the facility to be considered as Tier 1 capital for regulatory purposes. These Capital Notes bear interest at a fixed rate payable semi-annually in arrears during the initial period of five years, and will be reset every five years based on the then prevailing 5-year AED mid swap rate plus margin. The Capital Notes are non-cumulative perpetual securities for which there is no fixed redemption date, and are callable by the Bank subject to certain conditions. The Bank has also defined conditions for non-viability loss absorption and write-down in line with Basel III guidelines. The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make an interest / coupon payment. Issuance costs of AED 1.538 million were incurred.

### 15. Net impairment losses

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	30 June 2018 AED'000 Unaudited
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables,		
acceptances and off balance sheet items	208,106	209,401
Due from banks and financial institutions	(7)	(50)
Investments and Islamic instruments	1,812	322
	209,911	209,673

### 16. Earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share for the six month period ended 30 June 2019 is based on net profit of AED 339.0 million (30 June 2018: AED 275.1 million), after deduction of AED 18.1 million (30 June 2018: AED 35.1 million) of coupon payment on Tier 1 capital notes, divided by the weighted average number of shares of 1,850.0 million (30 June 2018: 1,850.0 million shares after adjusting for bonus shares and conversion of tier 1 capital notes to paid-up share capital) outstanding during the period.

The calculation of earnings per share for the three month period ended 30 June 2019 is based on net profit of AED 189.5 million (30 June 2018: AED 164.8 million), divided by the weighted average number of shares of 1,850.0 million (30 June 2018: 1,850.0 million shares after adjusting for bonus shares) outstanding during the period.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 17. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In the case of the Group, related parties, as defined in the International Accounting Standard No. 24, include major shareholders of the Group, directors and officers of the Group and companies of which they are principal owners and key management personnel. Banking transactions are entered into with related parties on agreed terms and conditions approved by the Board of Directors. The significant transactions and balances included in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which predominantly relate to directors and shareholders of the Group, are as follows:

	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Statement of financial position items		
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	2,175,411	2,101,575
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	6,459,137	5,737,620
Investments and Islamic instruments	223,555	109,898
Acceptances	7,021	12,719
Tier 1 capital notes	190,000	190,000
Statement of changes in equity items		
Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid	6,888	48,463
Contingent liabilities		
Letters of credit	71,588	64,510
Financial guarantees and other direct credit substitutes	88,367	87,609
Transaction related contingencies	297,376	264,508
	30 June 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	30 June 2018 AED'000 Unaudited
Statement of income items		
Interest income and income from Islamic financing and investment activities	42,381	42,135
Interest expense and distribution to Islamic depositors	101,792	73,170
Other income	15,365	8,154
	,- 30	-,
Key management compensation		o <b>-</b> o
Salaries and other short-term benefits	11,065	9,502
Employee end of service benefits	445	328

No stage 3 provisions for impairment have been recognized in respect of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables given to related parties (31 December 2018: nil).

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 17. Related parties (continued)

The loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables given to related parties amounting to AED 2,175.4 million (31 December 2018: AED 2,101.6 million) have been secured against collateral amounting to AED 1,571.1 million (31 December 2018: AED 1,578.4 million).

During 2018, the Bank purchased plots of land from a related party amounting to AED 99.6 million.

### 18. Capital adequacy ratio

The Bank's risk weighted assets (RWA) are weighted on the basis of relative credit, market, and operational risks. Credit risk includes both on and off-balance sheet risks. In accordance with the Basel III Compliance – Standardized Approach, the Bank is following the standardized measurement approach for credit, market and operational risk, under the existing Pillar 1 of Basel II requirements with the addition of the respective changes pertinent to capital supply.

The quantitative requirements, based on the regulations / guidelines, have been detailed below:

- i. Total regulatory capital (net of regulatory adjustments) at least 10.5% of risk weighted assets (RWAs) comprises of two tiers:
  - a. Tier 1 capital at least 8.5% of RWA, composed of:
    - Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) at least 7.0% of RWA; and
    - Additional Tier 1 (AT1)

Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) includes ordinary share capital, statutory reserve, special reserve, retained earnings and fair value reserves relating to unrealized gains on investments classified as FVOCI / available-for-sale with a hair-cut of 55%; and Additional Tier 1 (AT1) comprises of Tier 1 capital notes.

#### b. Tier 2 capital

It includes collective impairment provision and sub-ordinated facilities. Collective impairment provision, including credit risk reserve, shall not exceed 1.25% of total credit risk weighted assets.

ii. Banks must maintain a Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB) of 2.5% of RWAs in the form of CET1 capital. CBUAE may also require banks to implement Countercyclical Buffer (CCyB), to protect the banks from periods of excess aggregate credit growth. CCyB must be met by using CET1 capital and the level may vary between 0 - 2.5% of RWAs.

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 18. Capital adequacy ratio (continued)

	30 June	31 December
	2019 AED'000	2018 AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
CET1 capital	Chaudited	Auditeu
Share capital	1,850,012	1,644,455
Statutory reserve	936,053	936,053
Special reserve	506,492	506,492
Retained earnings	1,334,409	1,173,024
Accumulated other comprehensive income	7,573	(27,932)
CET1 total	4,634,539	4,232,092
Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital		
Tier 1 capital notes	500,000	500,000
Total Tier 1	5,134,539	4,732,092
Tier 2 capital Collective impairment provision	410,061	385,535
Total Tier 2	410,061	385,535
Total capital base (a)	5,544,600	5,117,627
Risk weighted assets		
	30 June	31 December
9	2019	2018
	Risk-weighted	Risk-weighted
	equivalent	equivalent
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Credit risk	32,804,918	30,842,794
Market risk	40,970	66,694
Operational risk	2,690,987	2,690,987
Total risk weighted assets (b)	35,536,875	33,600,475
Capital adequacy ratio (a) / (b) - %	15.6	15.2
Tier 1 ratio - %	14.5	14.1
Common equity tier 1 ratio (CET 1) - %	12.0	12.6
1 ( )	13.0	12.0

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 19. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances from the date of acquisition:

2019	2018
AED'000	AED'000
Unaudited	Unaudited
201,257	208,061
4,325,000	3,779,380
1,387,955	884,979
5,914,212 (2,549,441)	4,872,420 (1,294,446) 
	AED'000 Unaudited  201,257 4,325,000 1,387,955  5,914,212 (2,549,441)

19.1 Balances with the UAE Central Bank include certificates of deposit. In accordance with UAE Central Bank regulations on issuance of Central Bank certificates of deposit, the Bank can enter into repurchase agreements in order to obtain short term liquidity.

### 20. Segmental reporting

The Group uses business segments for presenting its segment information in line with the Group's management and internal reporting structure. The Group's operations are confined mainly in the UAE.

Business segments pay and receive interest, to and from Treasury on an arm's length basis to reflect allocation of capital and funding costs.

#### **Business segments**

The Group conducts its activity through the following clearly defined business segments:

#### Corporate and Institutional banking

Corporate and Institutional segments

The segment offers a range of products and services including credit and trade finance products, and services to large and medium sized corporate customers through separate units and to financial institutions, and accepts deposits.

#### Business banking segment

The segment offers a range of products and services including credit and trade finance products, and services to small and medium sized customers through separate units, and accepts deposits. The segment also offers transactional services to small and medium sized businesses.

### Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 20. Segmental reporting (continued)

#### **Business segments** (continued)

### Retail banking

The segment offers a range of products and services to individuals and high net worth individuals including personal and mortgage loans, credit cards, other transactions and balances, and accepts their deposits.

### Treasury, Asset and Liability Management (ALM) and others

The segment undertakes the Group's asset and liability management centrally and is responsible for optimum utilization of resources in productive assets and management of exchange and interest positions within the limits and guidelines set by management and approved by the Board.

Treasury also offers various foreign exchange and derivative products to customers and is entrusted with the responsibility of managing the Group's investment portfolio together with the Investment Management Unit under the guidance from the Investment Committee and Asset and Liability Committee. The Group's capital and investment in subsidiaries is recognised under this segment.

The Group has central shared services which include Operations, Risk Management, Human Resources, Finance, Information Technology, Product Development, Legal, Credit and Internal Audit. The shared services cost is allocated to business segments based on transaction and relevant drivers.

The segment analysis based on business segments is set out below:

Six month period ended 30 June 2019 - AED'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate and institutional segments	Business banking segment	Retail banking	Treasury, ALM and others	Consolidated
Segment revenue	459,834	154,144	70,529	156,961	841,468
Segment operating cost	(135,783)	(67,957)	(54,225)	(16,515)	(274,480)
Segment operating profit	324,051	86,187	16,304	140,446	566,988
Net impairment losses	(136,351)	(49,815)	(18,783)	(4,962)	(209,911)
Profit / (loss)	187,700	36,372	(2,479)	135,484	357,077
30 June 2019 (Unaudited)					
Segment assets	24,268,621	3,538,480	2,981,422	11,750,364	42,538,887
Segment liabilities	27,936,694	3,383,507	2,725,424	3,111,017	37,156,642
Capital expenditure	-		1	20,997	20,997

## Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

## 20. Segmental reporting (continued)

Six month period ended 30 June 2018 - AED'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate and institutional segments	Business banking segment	Retail banking	Treasury, ALM and others	Consolidated
Segment revenue	432,410	145,388	66,748	124,191	768,737
Segment operating cost	(120,627)	(63,988)	(48,646)	(15,626)	(248,887)
Segment operating profit	311,783	81,400	18,102	108,565	519,850
Net impairment losses	(157,710)	(36,131)	(14,958)	(874)	(209,673)
Profit	154,073	45,269	3,144	107,691	310,177
31 December 2018 (Audited)					
Segment assets	22,965,960	3,308,935	2,911,574	10,596,817	39,783,286
Segment liabilities	27,391,997	3,296,130	2,725,155	1,248,138	34,661,420
Capital expenditure	-	-	<b>*</b>	153,223	153,223