National Bank of Fujairah PJSC
Condensed consolidated interim financial
information
For the three month period ended
31 March 2019

Condensed consolidated interim financial information For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

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REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL BANK OF FUJAIRAH PJSC

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information of National Bank of Fujairah P.J.S.C. (the "Bank"), which comprise the consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019 and the related consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the three month period then ended and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 11 February 2019. Furthermore, the condensed consolidated interim financial information as at and for the period ended 31 March 2018 was reviewed by another auditor who expressed an unqualified conclusion on the interim financial information on 25 April 2018.

For Ernst & Young

Signed by:

Thodla Hari Gopal

Partner

Registration No.: 689

1 May 2019

Dubai, United Arab Emirates

Consolidated interim statement of financial position

As at 31 March 2019

Note 31 March Note 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Assets	
Cash and balances with the UAE Central Bank 5,953,179	6,722,964
Due from banks and financial institutions 6 1,726,307	1,415,362
Investments and Islamic instruments 7 3,352,992	2,713,447
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables 8 26,206,144	26,202,411
Property and equipment and capital work-in-progress 327,003	292,048
Other assets 2,477,552	2,437,054
Total assets 40,043,177	39,783,286
Liabilities	
Due to banks 11 1,036,478	569,314
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits 12 30,219,989	30,472,471
Term borrowings 11 752,965	863,155
Other liabilities 2,857,252	2,756,480
Total liabilities 34,866,684	34,661,420
Shareholders' equity	
Share capital 13 1,850,012	1,644,455
Statutory reserve 936,053	936,053
Special reserve 506,492	506,492
Fair value reserve 529	(27,932)
Proposed cash dividends	123,334
Proposed bonus issue	205,557
Impairment reserve 10.2 221,817	266,440
Retained earnings 1,161,590	967,467
Tier 1 capital notes 14 500,000	500,000
Total shareholders' equity 5,176,493	5,121,866
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity 40,043,177	39,783,286

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 01 May 2019 and was signed on its behalf by:

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Chief Executive Officer

Vince Cook

Adran Anwar Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated interim statement of income – (Unaudited)

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

	Note	Three month period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000	Three month period ended 31 March 2018 AED'000
Interest income and income from Islamic financing and			
investment activities		474,814	386,474
Interest expense and distribution to Islamic depositors		(194,443)	(142,135)
Net interest income and net income from Islamic financing and investment activities		280,371	244,339
Net fees and commission income		85,980	82,219
Foreign exchange and derivatives income		39,899	36,256
Income / (loss) from investments and Islamic instruments		4,638	(602)
Other operating income		4,565	6,980
Operating income		415,453	369,192
Operating income		415,455	309,192
Operating expenses			
Employee benefits expense		(89,874)	(83,266)
Depreciation and amortization		(8,791)	(6,190)
Other operating expenses		(31,709)	(31,759)
Total operating expenses		(130,374)	(121,215)
Operating profit		285,079	247,977
Net impairment losses	15	(117,454)	(102,623)
Profit for the period		167,625	145,354
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	16	AED 0.08	AED 0.06

Appropriations have been reflected in the consolidated interim statement of changes in equity.

Consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income – (Unaudited)

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

peri 31 Ma	ee month od ended arch 2019 AED'000	Three month period ended 31 March 2018 AED'000
Profit for the period	167,625	145,354
Other comprehensive income:		
Changes in fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) investments:		
Net fair value gains on disposal of FVOCI investments	(795)	(844)
Net changes in fair value of FVOCI investments	29,256	(11,549)
Net change in FVOCI investments	28,461	(12,393)
Total comprehensive income for the period	196,086	132,961

Consolidated interim statement of cash flows - (Unaudited)

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

Operating activities	Note	Three month period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000	Three month period ended 31 March 2018 AED'000
Profit for the period		167,625	145,354
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization		8,791	6,190
Provision for employee end of service and other long term benefits		4,016	3,338
Net impairment losses	15	117,454	102,623
Net fair value gains on disposal of investments and Islamic		204	(2.401)
instruments Not changes in fair valve of investments at fair valve through most		294	(3,481)
Net changes in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss		(4.022)	4.092
		(4,932)	4,083
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in			
operating assets and liabilities and payment of employee end of			
service and other long term benefits		293,248	258,107
Payment of employee end of service and other long term benefits		(4,387)	(1,848)
Change in statutory reserve with the UAE Central Bank		(111,859)	(98,346)
Change in due from banks and financial institutions		(28,375)	
Change in loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables			(1,427,927)
Change in other assets		(40,498)	, , ,
Change in due to banks		(170,724)	
Change in customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits		(375,816)	
Change in other liabilities		48,630 (492,790)	28,215
Net cash used in operating activities		(492,790)	(988,324)
Investing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment and capital work-in-progress		(7,248)	(12,478)
Purchase of investments and Islamic instruments		(1,210,119)	
Proceeds from sale of investments and Islamic instruments		602,761	736,711
Net cash used in investing activities		(614,606)	(472,842)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from term borrowings		183,650	183,650
Repayment of term borrowings		(293,840)	(330,570)
Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid		(18,125)	(35,094)
Net cash used in financing activities		(128,315)	(182,014)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,235,711)	(1,643,180)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		5,530,379	5,849,839
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	19	4,294,668	4,206,659

National Bank of Fujairah PJSC

Consolidated interim statement of changes in equity - (Unaudited) For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

Impairment Tier 1 capital reserve notes Total AED'000 AED'000	- 1,000,000 4,890,638 113,956 - (180,711)	113,956 1,000,000 4,709,927	132,961 (35,094)	- (102,489)	113,956 1,000,000 4,705,305	266,440 500,000 5,121,866	- 196,086	(44,623)	. (18125)		- (123,334)	- (123,334)	- (123,334)
Retained earnings AED'000	1,328,238 (300,772)	1,027,466	145,354 (35,094)	. 1 1	1,137,726	967,467	167,625	44,623	(18,125)		ı	1 1	
Proposed dividends AED'000	204,978	204,978	1 1	(102,489) (102,489)		328,891	1	1	1	(100 001)	(172,234)	(125,554)	(205,557)
Fair value reserve AED'000	(4,089) 6,105	2,016	(12,393)	1 1	(10,377)	(27,932)	28,461	4	ī				1
Special reserve AED'000	444,992	444,992	i i		444,992	506,492	ı	ı	i	1		•	1
Statutory reserve AED'000	549,992	549,992	1 1		549,992	936,053	1	ī	ī	•		1	
Share capital AED'000	1,366,527	1,366,527	1 1	102,489	1,469,016	1,644,455	ı	ī	ī	1		205,557	205,557
	At 01 January 2018 Initial application of IFRS 9	Restated balance at 01 January 2018	Total comprehensive income for the period Tier I capital notes coupon paid (note 14)	2017 cash dividends 2017 bonus shares issued	At 31 March 2018	At 01 January 2019	period	requirements over IFRS 9 (note 10.2)	Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid (note 14)	2018 cash dividends		2018 bonus shares issued	2018 bonus shares issued

The independent auditors' report on review of the Group condensed consolidated interim financial information is set out on page 1. The notes on pages 7 to 37 form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019

1. Legal status and activities

National Bank of Fujairah (the Bank) is a Public Joint Stock Company registered under the laws of the United Arab Emirates. The Bank operates under a banking license issued on 29 August 1984 by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates (the UAE Central Bank) and commenced operations on 20 September 1984. The shares of the Bank were listed on Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (ADX) on 23 October 2005.

The principal activity of the Bank is commercial banking which is carried out from its network of eighteen branches, including an electronic banking service unit in Al Reef - Abu Dhabi, across the UAE in Fujairah, Abu Dhabi, Dubai, Sharjah, Dibba, Jebel Ali, Musaffah, Masafi, Qidfah, Deira, Tawian, Al-Ain, Fujairah City Centre, Al Quoz, Fujairah Free Zone, Al Ras and Fujairah Court.

The Bank has three fully owned subsidiary companies:

- NBF Financial Services FZC was established in December 2004 with limited liability status in the Fujairah Free Trade Zone to provide support services to the Bank.
- NBF Capital Limited is registered in the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) as a private company under DIFC laws and regulations and regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA). The Company was established on 03 April 2013 and commenced operations on 12 May 2013. The principal business activities of the Company are arranging credit or deals in investments and advising on financial products or credit.
- NBF Markets (Cayman) Limited is registered in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company limited by shares under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands and regulated by the Cayman Island Government General Registry. The Company was established on 31 January 2017 to provide support services to the Bank to enter into foreign exchange and derivative transactions with financial institutions / counterparties under the terms and conditions of International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA).

The condensed consolidated interim financial information for the three month period ended 31 March 2019 comprise the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as 'the Group').

UAE Federal Law No. 2 of 2015 (Companies Law) which is applicable to the Group has come into effect from 01 July 2015. The Group had assessed, evaluated and ensured compliance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Law.

The registered address of the Group is Hamad Bin Abdullah Street, P. O. Box 887, Fujairah, United Arab Emirates.

2. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with IFRS, International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34: Interim Financial Reporting as issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB).

These condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required for full annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, significant judgments made by the management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018 except for the new judgements and estimates explained in Note 3.

3. Significant accounting policies

Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 01 January 2019. The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019

(a) IFRS 16 'Leases' - The Group adopted IFRS 16 from 01 January 2019, and has not restated the comparative for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard.

The effect of adoption IFRS 16 is as follows:

Impact on the statement of financial position (increase / decrease) as at 31 March 2019:

	2019
	AED'000
Property and equipment and capital work-in-progress	
Right-of-use assets	36,498
Accumulated depreciation	(1,952)
	34,546
Other liabilities	
Lease liabilities	34,672

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019 (continued)

(a) IFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Impact on the statement of income (increase / decrease) for the three month period ended 31 March 2019:

	2019
	AED'000
Rent expense	2,095
Depreciation and amortization	(1,952)
Operating profit	143
Finance costs	(269)
Net impact	(126)

Nature of the effect of adoption of IFRS 16

The Group has lease contracts for various items of property and equipment. Before the adoption of IFRS 16, the Group classified each of its leases at the inception date as an operating lease. In an operating lease, the leased property was not capitalised and the lease payments were recognised as rent expense in the statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Any prepaid rent and accrued rent were recognised under prepayments and other liabilities, respectively.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases that it is the lessee, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognized lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Set out below are the new accounting policies of the Group upon adoption of IFRS 16:

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, amendments and interpretations that are effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on 01 January 2019 (continued)

(a) IFRS 16 'Leases' (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of property and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of property and equipment that are considered of low value. Payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group has the option, under some of its leases to lease the assets for an additional term. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew (e.g., a change in business strategy).

(b) IFRS 9, 'Financial Instruments' - 'Financial Amendment to IFRS 9, Financial instruments', on prepayment features with negative compensation

The Board has issued a narrow-scope amendment to IFRS 9 to enable entities to measure at amortized cost some prepayable financial assets with negative compensation. The assets affected, that include some loans and debt securities, would otherwise have been measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

This amendment confirm that when a financial liability measured at amortized cost is modified without this resulting in de-recognition, a gain or loss should be recognized immediately in profit or loss. The gain or loss is calculated as the difference between the original contractual cash flows and the modified cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. This means that the difference cannot be spread over the remaining life of the instrument which may be a change in practice from IAS 39.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty, and actual results may therefore differ resulting in future changes in these estimates. In preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Changes to judgements made in applying accounting policies that have most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated interim financial information of the period ended 31 March 2019 pertain to the changes introduced because of adoption of IFRS 16: *Leases*, which are covered in the above section.

4. Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives, policies and procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

(a) Fair value measurement principles

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

When available, the fair value of a financial instrument is based on quoted market prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a quoted market price is not available or if a market for a financial instrument is not active, the fair value is determined by using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, discounted cash flow methods, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist. For investments under management with external fund managers, fair value is provided by the external fund managers, and is determined based on the market value of underlying investments of each fund. In all other cases, the instruments are measured at acquisition cost, including transaction cost, less impairment losses, if any.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate is a market-related rate at the date of the consolidated interim statement of financial position for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

Fair values reflect the credit risk of the instrument and include adjustments to take account of the credit risk of the Group and the counterparty, where appropriate. Fair value estimates obtained from models are adjusted for any other factors, such as liquidity risk or model uncertainties; to the extent that the Group believes a third-party market participant would take them into account in pricing a transaction.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

4. Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Fair value measurement principles (continued)

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Group would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the date of the consolidated interim statement of financial position, taking into account current market conditions and the current creditworthiness of the counterparty.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry, group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly recurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable input, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

Pursuant to disclosure requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, the Group has disclosed the relevant information in the table below:

Fair value measurement – fair value hierarchy:

31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	Notional AED'000	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000
Investments and Islamic instruments				
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks	_	2,113,709	-	-
Other investments	-	575,610	5,170	-
Customer deposits and Islamic customer				
deposits	-	-	7,000	_
Forward foreign exchange contracts	16,238,525	-	209	-
Currency options	8,735,963	-	(22)	_
Interest rate derivatives	9,524,201	-	(5,731)	-
Commodity derivatives	826,989	_	1,279	-

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

4. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Fair value measurement – fair value hierarchy

December 2018 (Audited)	Notional AED'000	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000
Investments and Islamic instruments				
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks	7	1,529,534	-	-
Other investments	-	613,931	5,429	-
Customer deposits and Islamic customer				
deposits	-	-	7,000	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts	14,647,688	-	(8,039)	-
Currency options	8,370,758	-	25	-
Interest rate derivatives	9,591,248	_	(3,118)	-
Commodity derivatives	704,964	-	(3,896)	-

(c) Management of liquidity risk

The positive / negative fair values of derivative financial instruments, entered into by the Group, at the reporting date are as below:

	31 March 2019 (Unaudited)			31 Dece	mber 2018 (A	udited)
	Positive fair value AED'000	Negative fair value AED'000	Net AED'000	Positive fair value AED'000	Negative fair value AED'000	Net AED'000
Derivatives						
Forward foreign exchange						
contracts	27,067	26,858	209	37,149	45,188	(8,039)
Currency options	14,177	14,199	(22)	10,219	10,194	25
Interest rate derivatives	105,748	111,479	(5,731)	56,378	59,496	(3,118)
Commodity derivatives	10,646	9,367	1,279	39,060	42,956	(3,896)
	157,638	161,903	(4,265)	142,806	157,834	(15,028)

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

4. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Financial assets and liabilities

Classification and measurement

The fair values and carrying values of the financial assets and liabilities at 31 March 2019 are shown below:

	At fair value	At fair value through other		Allowances	
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	through profit or loss		Amortized	for impairment (ECL)	Carrying amount
Financial assets	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Cash and balances with					
the UAE Central Bank Due from banks and financial	=	-	5,953,179	-	5,953,179
institutions	_	-	1,734,287	(7,980)	1,726,307
Investments and Islamic instruments	23,573	2,670,916	660,761	(2,258)	3,352,992
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	_	-	27,424,275	(1,218,131)	26,206,144
Other assets	-	_	2,433,114		2,433,114
Total financial assets	23,573	2,670,916	38,205,616	(1,228,369)	39,671,736
Financial liabilities	· ·				
Due to banks	-	-	1,036,478	_	1,036,478
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	7,000		30,212,989		20 210 000
Term borrowings	7,000		752,965	-	30,219,989 752,965
Other liabilities	Mg.	祖	2,611,699	60,057	2,671,756
Total financial liabilities	7,000	-	34,614,131	60,057	34,681,188

The Group performed a detailed analysis of its business models for managing financial assets and analysis of their cash flow characteristics.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

5. Cash and balances with the UAE Central Bank

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Cash on hand	227,991	226,243
Certificates of deposit (CDs) with the UAE Central Bank	3,975,000	4,675,000
Other balances with the UAE Central Bank (note 5.1)	1,750,188	1,821,721
	5,953,179	6,722,964

Other balances with the UAE Central Bank include regulatory cash reserve deposits of 1,553.4 million (31 December 2018: AED 1,441.5 million).

6. Due from banks and financial institutions

		31 March	31 December
		2019	2018
		AED'000	AED'000
		Unaudited	Audited
6.1	By type		
	Placements	522,323	100,000
	Current accounts / term deposits	455,246	568,746
	Bills discounted	756,718	753,346
		1,734,287	1,422,092
	Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(7,980)	(6,730)
		1,726,307	1,415,362
		Hammer to be to the party of th	

As at 31 March 2019, current accounts / term deposits include cash collateral of AED 92.3 million (31 December 2018: AED 28.1 million) in respect of negative fair value of derivatives, in accordance with the Credit Support Annex (CSA) agreements with the interbank counterparties.

6.2 By geographical area	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
UAE	834,284	572,382
GCC	246,289	71,842
Europe	163,380	407,137
Americas	267,535	81,715
Others	222,799	289,016
	1,734,287	1,422,092
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(7,980)	(6,730)
	1,726,307	1,415,362

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

6.	Due from	banks and	financial	institutions	(continued)	
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		31 March	31 December
		2019	2018
		AED'000	AED'000
		Unaudited	Audited
6.3	By currency		
	AED	622,654	436,987
	USD	983,839	499,660
	EUR	82,111	381,984
	GBP	12,674	5,826
	XAU	_	15,972
	Others	33,009	81,663
		1,734,287	1,422,092
	Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(7,980)	(6,730)
		1,726,307	1,415,362
6.4	Based on external credit ratings		
		31 March	31 December

31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
AA 2,872	63
AA- 62,491	41,017
A+ 128,886	43,729
A 213,334	193,176
A- 232,541	76,022
BBB+ 317,722	438,903
BBB 7,333	125,584
BBB- and below 769,108	503,598
1,734,287	1,422,092
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL) (7,980)	(6,730)
1,726,307	1,415,362

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

6. Due from banks and financial institutions (continued)

6.5 Due from banks and financial institutions stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of due from banks and financial institutions. The gross carrying amount of due from banks and financial institutions, including accrued interest, below represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

		31 March 2019 ((Unaudited)	
	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	1,702,375	34,024	-	1,736,399
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(6,951)	(1,029)	-	(7,980)
Carrying amount	1,695,424	32,995	-	1,728,419
		31 December 201	8 (Audited)	
	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	1,358,499	64,119	-	1,422,618

 Outstanding balance
 AED'000
 AED'000
 AED'000
 AED'000

 Outstanding balance
 1,358,499
 64,119
 1,422,618

 Allowances for impairment (ECL)
 (4,781)
 (1,949)
 (6,730)

 Carrying amount
 1,353,718
 62,170
 1,415,888

Majority of due from banks and financial institutions are in stage 1 throughout the period and therefore have insignificant ECL. Accordingly, there have been no significant movements between stages in respect of these financial assets.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

7. Investments and Islamic instruments

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Investments at fair value through profit or loss		
(FVTPL) (note 7.1)	23,573	44,591
Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)		
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks (note 7.2)	2,113,709	1,529,534
Other investments (note 7.3)	557,207	574,769
	2,670,916	2,104,303
Investments measured at amortized cost		
Debt securities / Islamic sukuks (note 7.2)	660,761	565,899
	3,355,250	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(2,258)	(1,346)
	3,352,992	2,713,447

- 7.1 Investments at FVTPL include various funds whose fair values are based on the net asset values provided by the fund managers.
- 7.2 Debt securities aggregating AED 2,774.5 million (31 December 2018: AED 2,095.4 million) represent the Group's investments in bonds and notes which are quoted on recognized exchanges and prices of which are available on internationally recognized platforms of Reuters and Bloomberg and are liquid in normal market conditions. The debt securities portfolio includes floating rate securities amounting to AED 858.7 million (31 December 2018: AED 761.2 million).

Debt securities include Islamic sukuks amounting to AED 629.0 million (31 December 2018: AED 528.2 million).

- 7.3 Other investments include nil (31 December 2018: AED 0.16 million) shares purchased by the Bank during the period.
- 7.4 The dispersion of the investment portfolio is set out below:

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Government	1,101,572	905,536
Banks and financial institutions	1,389,215	968,343
Others	864,463	840,914
	3,355,250	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(2,258)	(1,346)
	3,352,992	2,713,447

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

Investments and Islamic instruments (continued) 7.

7.5 By geography

	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
UAE	820,952	521,603
GCC	298,012	227,212
Europe	766,297	788,692
Americas	657,193	480,709
Others	812,796	696,577
	3,355,250	2,714,793
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(2,258)	(1,346)
	3,352,992	2,713,447
By currency		-
	31 March	31 December

7.6 B

	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
AED USD EUR JPY	467 3,323,274 21,257 10,252	467 2,656,476 40,058 17,792
Less: Allowances for impairment (ECL)	3,355,250 (2,258)	2,714,793 (1,346)
	3,352,992	2,713,447

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

7. Investments and Islamic instruments (continued)

7.7 Based on external credit ratings

31 March 2019	Debt securities /		
(Unaudited)	Islamic sukuks	Other investments	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
AAA	201,365	94,583	295,948
AA+	-	92,703	92,703
AA	226,619	-	226,619
AA-	673,881	_	673,881
A+	338,811	116,808	455,619
A	178,435	115,344	293,779
A-	544,554	98,217	642,771
BBB+	184,463	_	184,463
BBB- and below	426,342	63,125	489,467
Less: Allowances for			
impairment (ECL)	(1,829)	(429)	(2,258)
	2,772,641	580,351	3,352,992

31 December 2018 (Audited)	Debt securities / Islamic sukuks AED'000	Other investments AED'000	Total AED'000
AAA	128,249	91,733	219,982
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	91,733	,
AA+	94,558	-	94,558
AA	274,714	90,692	365,406
AA-	386,860	-	386,860
A+	339,840	113,568	453,408
A	77,619	206,495	284,114
A-	292,822	-	292,822
BBB+	149,065	-	149,065
BBB- and below	351,706	116,872	468,578
Less: Allowances for			
impairment (ECL)	(1,051)	(295)	(1,346)
	2,094,382	619,065	2,713,447

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

7. Investments and Islamic instruments (continued)

7.8 Debt investments and Islamic instruments stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of debt investments and Islamic instruments. The gross carrying amount of debt investments and Islamic instruments, including accrued interest, below represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

	3	1 March 2019	(Unaudited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	3,292,125	-	-	3,292,125
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(2,258)	12	-	(2,258)
Carrying amount	3,289,867	-	-	3,289,867
	3	1 December 20	18 (Audited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	2,597,921	-	_	2,597,921
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(1,346)	-	-	(1,346)
Carrying amount	2,596,575	-	_	2,596,575

Debt investments and Islamic instruments are in stage 1 throughout the period and therefore have insignificant ECL. Accordingly, there have been no significant movements between stages in respect of these financial assets.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables

8.1	By type	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
	Overdrafts Term loans Loans against trust receipts	2,319,540 19,207,670 3,177,204	2,227,625 19,178,357 3,361,286
	Bills discounted Bills drawn under letters of credit	2,458,598 261,263	2,304,705 295,260
	Gross loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	27,424,275	27,367,233
	Allowances for impairment (ECL) (note 10.1)	(1,218,131)	(1,164,822)
	Net loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	26,206,144	26,202,411

8.2 Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables include Murabaha Tawarruq and Ijara financing activities amounting to AED 3,040.0 million (31 December 2018: AED 3,058.1 million) provided through a Shari'a compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic

8.3 Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of loans and advances and Islamic receivables and acceptances. The gross carrying amount of loans and advances and Islamic receivables and acceptances, including accrued interest, below represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

	31 March 2019 (Unaudited)				
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Outstanding balance	25,002,911	3,219,375	1,576,671	29,798,957	
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(211,692)	(200,895)	(805,544)	(1,218,131)	
Carrying amount	24,791,219	3,018,480	771,127	28,580,826	

		31 December 2	2018 (Audited)	
AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance	24,992,897	3,182,337	1,538,965	29,714,199
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(166,819)	(188,542)	(809,461)	(1,164,822)
Carrying amount	24,826,078	2,993,795	729,504	28,549,377

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

- 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)
- 8.4 Movement in the gross balance and corresponding ECL allowances of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances

Outstanding balance - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	24,992,897	3,182,337	1,538,965	29,714,199
Transferred from Stage 1	(356,331)	351,816	4,515	-
Transferred from Stage 2	106,317	(169,739)	63,422	·-
Transferred from Stage 3	-	7	(7)	· ·
Originated / derecognised during the period	260,028	(145,046)	15,743	130,725
Written-off during the period	=		(45,967)	(45,967)
Gross carrying amount - 31 March 2019	25,002,911	3,219,375	1,576,671	29,798,957
Outstanding balance - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Outstanding balance - AED'000 Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	<u> </u>	C	Ü	Total 27,046,451
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the	<u> </u>	3,236,893	1,656,826	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	22,152,732 (461,477)	3,236,893	1,656,826 57,611	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have: Transferred from Stage 1	22,152,732 (461,477)	3,236,893 403,866 (322,675)	1,656,826 57,611	
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have: Transferred from Stage 1 Transferred from Stage 2	22,152,732 (461,477)	3,236,893 403,866 (322,675)	57,611 322,675 (3,498)	27,046,451
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have: Transferred from Stage 1 Transferred from Stage 2 Transferred from Stage 3	22,152,732 (461,477)	3,236,893 403,866 (322,675) 3,498	57,611 322,675 (3,498)	27,046,451 - - - 3,328,612

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

- 8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)
- 8.5 Movement in the provision for impairment of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances

ECL - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance - 31 December 2018	166,819	188,542	809,461	1,164,822
Transferred from Stage 1	(4,264)	23,445	2,888	22,069
Transferred from Stage 2	1,132	(8,184)	26,628	19,576
Transferred from Stage 3 Originated / derecognised during the period	-	-	(4)	(4)
including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	48,005	(2,908)	12,538	57,635
Net allowance for impairment losses	44,873	12,353	42,050	99,276
Written-off during the period		-	(45,967)	(45,967)
ECL allowance - 31 March 2019	211,692	200,895	805,544	1,218,131
ECL - AED'000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowance - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	109,607	186,257	1,108,686	1,404,550
Transferred from Stage 1	(3,793)	13,300	19,036	28,543
Transferred from Stage 2	-	(29,552)	171,585	142,033
Transferred from Stage 3	-	200	(1,773)	(1,573)
Originated / derecognised during the year including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	61,005	18,337	172,791	252,133
Net allowance for impairment losses	57,212	2,285	361,639	421,136
Written-off during the year	_	_	(660,864)	(660,864)
ECL allowance - 31 December 2018	166,819	188,542	809,461	1,164,822

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

8. Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables (continued)

8.6 Risk mitigation, credit quality, collateral and credit enhancements

The Group manages credit exposure by obtaining security where appropriate, and in certain cases, the Group may also close out transactions or assign them to other counterparties to mitigate credit risk.

The amount and type of collateral depends on assessments of the credit risk of the counterparty. The types of collateral mainly include cash, guarantees, pledge over listed shares and mortgage and liens over properties or other securities over assets. Pledged interests over vehicles, ships and equipment are also obtained. Collateral generally is not held against non-trading investments and due from banks and financial institutions.

Management monitors the market value of collateral, and wherever necessary the Group requests additional collateral in accordance with the underlying agreement, and considers collateral obtained during its review of the adequacy of the allowance for impairment losses.

Estimates of fair value are generally assessed on a periodic basis in accordance with the respective credit policies.

The credit quality of the loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables is managed by the Group using internal credit ratings comprising 22 grades. The risk rating system is used as a credit risk management tool whereby any risks taken on the Group's books are rated against a set of predetermined standards which are in line with the UAE Central Bank guidelines.

The Group's Credit Risk Rating Methodology reflects its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparties mapped to the ratings specified by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs). The mapping is based on a statistical model which takes into consideration the industry weights, country specific factors and the sensitivity of the counter party to systematic risk. Risk classification / grading system has been presented below:

Risk Grade

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Stage 1 and 2 (RR 1-19)		
Grades 1-18: Performing or normal	25,165,732	25,005,837
Grade 19: Other Loans Especially Mentioned (OLEM)	840,971	958,114
	26,006,703	25,963,951
Stage 3 (RR 20-22)		, ,
Grade 20: Sub-standard	221,408	215,117
Grade 21: Doubtful	362,591	439,527
Grade 22: Loss	833,573	748,638
	1,417,572	1,403,282
Total	27,424,275	27,367,233

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

9. Contingent liabilities and commitments

Contingent liabilities represent credit related commitments under letters of credit and guarantees which are designed to meet the requirements of the Group's customers towards third parties. Commitments represent credit facilities and other capital expenditure commitments of the Group which are undrawn at the date of consolidated interim statement of financial position. All credit related commitments are unconditionally cancellable / revocable at the discretion of the Group except for the amounts mentioned below.

	31 March 2019	31 December 2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Contingent liabilities:		
 Letters of credit covering movement of goods 	2,019,190	1,606,439
 Financial guarantees and other direct credit substitutes 	876,404	965,942
 Bid bonds, performance bonds and other 		
transaction related contingencies	5,058,763	5,056,190
	7,954,357	7,628,571
Commitments:	The print and print the self-cell cell cell cell cell cell cell cell	
 Undrawn irrevocable commitments – credit related 	202,906	177,458
- Others	124,586	75,403
	327,492	252,861
	8,281,849	7,881,432

The total undrawn commitments which are revocable at the discretion of the Bank amount to AED 13,873 million (31 December 2018: AED 14,080 million). Many of the contingent liabilities and commitments will expire without being funded in whole or in part. Therefore, the amounts do not necessarily represent expected future cash flows.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

9. Contingent liabilities and commitments (continued)

9.1 Off balance sheet exposures stage-wise analysis

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of off balance sheet exposures. The gross carrying amount of off balance sheet exposures below represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets:

31	March	2019 ((Unaudited	I)

	Stage 1 AED'000	Stage 2 AED'000	Stage 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
Outstanding balance	6,991,273	902,506	60,578	7,954,357
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(29,525)	(5,258)	(25,274)	(60,057)
Carrying amount	6,961,748	897,248	35,304	7,894,300

31 December 2018 (Audited)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Outstanding balance	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571
Allowances for impairment (ECL)	(23,983)	(5,171)	(14,888)	(44,042)
Carrying amount	6,409,158	1,158,315	17,056	7,584,529

9.2 Movement in the gross balance and corresponding ECL allowances of off-balance sheet exposures

Outstanding balance – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571
Transferred from Stage 1	(5,847)	4,770	1,077	-
Transferred from Stage 2	305,288	(327,501)	22,213	i a
Transferred from Stage 3	-	708	(708)	164
Originated / expired during the period	258,691	61,043	6,052	325,786
Gross carrying amount - 31 March 2019	6,991,273	902,506	60,578	7,954,357
Outstanding balance – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount - 01 January 2018 Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	6,491,737	1,237,523	48,022	7,777,282
Transferred from Stage 1	(178,647)	178,545	102	-
Transferred from Stage 2	-	(29,456)	29,456	-
Transferred from Stage 3	-	735	(735)	-
Originated / expired during the year	120,051	(223,861)	(44,901)	(148,711)
Gross carrying amount - 31 December 2018	6,433,141	1,163,486	31,944	7,628,571

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

9. Contingent liabilities and commitments (continued)

9.3 Movement in the provision for impairment of off-balance sheet exposures

ECL - AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECI -II 21 D				
ECL allowances - 31 December 2018	23,983	5,171	14,888	44,042
Transferred from Stage 1	(28)	120	608	700
Transferred from Stage 2	420	(879)	10,454	9,995
Transferred from Stage 3	-	1	(399)	(388)
Originated / expired during the period including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	5,150	835	(277)	5,708
Net allowance for impairment losses	5,542	87	10,386	16,015
ECL allowances - 31 March 2019	29,525	5,258	25,274	60,057
ECL – AED ' 000	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
ECL allowances - 01 January 2018	20,545	5,244	4,937	30,726
Changes due to financial assets recognised in the opening balance that have:	,	,	,	,
Transferred from Stage 1	(315)	1,050	56	791
Transferred from Stage 2	-	(186)	16,180	15,994
Transferred from Stage 3	-	5	(327)	(322)
Originated / expired during the year including changes in PDs / LGDs / EADs	3,753	(942)	(5,958)	(3,147)
Net allowance for impairment losses	3,438	(73)	9,951	13,316
ECL allowances - 31 December 2018	23,983	5,171	14,888	44,042

The provision for ECL against the off-balance sheet exposures disclosed above, amounting to AED 60.1 million, (31 December 2018: AED 44.0 million) is classified under other liabilities.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

10. Stage-wise ECL and movement in the impairment reserve

10.1 The analysis of ECL by stage for loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances, due from banks and financial institutions, debt investments and Islamic instruments and off-balance sheet items is as follows:

31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

AED'000

Stage 2

Stage 1

Total ECL

TED VVV	Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables and acceptances	Due from Banks and financial institutions	Investments and Islamic instruments	Off- balance sheet exposures	Total
Stage 3	805,544		-	25,274	830,818
Stage 2	200,895	1,029	-	5,258	207,182
Stage 1	211,692	6,951	2,258	29,525	250,426
	412,587	7,980	2,258	34,783	457,608
Total ECL	1,218,131	7,980	2,258	60,057	1,288,426
31 December 2018 (AED'000	(Audited)				
Stage 3	809,461	-	-	14,888	824,349

1,949

4,781

6,730

6,730

5,171

23,983

29,154

44,042

1,346

1,346

1,346

195,662

196,929

392,591

1,216,940

10.2 The table below analyses the movement in the impairment reserve during the period ended 31 March 2019:

188,542

166,819

355,361

1,164,822

AED'000	Impairment reserve - General	Impairment reserve - Specific	Impairment reserve
At 01 January 2019	75,260	191,180	266,440
Reduction in excess general provision under CBUAE over stage 1 and 2 requirements under IFRS 9	(50,518)	-	(50,518)
Increase in specific provision under CBUAE over stage 3 requirements under IFRS 9	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5,895	5,895
	(50,518)	5,895	(44,623)
At 31 March 2019	24,742	197,075	221,817

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

11. Due to banks and term borrowings

By type:	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
Bilateral borrowings (note 11.1)	752,965	863,155
Due to banks (note 11.2)	1,036,478	569,314
	1,789,443	1,432,469
By geographical area: UAE GCC	811,770 165,285	354,399 36,730
Europe	395,564	687,638
Americas Others	203,278 213,546	183,650 170,052
	1,789,443	1,432,469

As at 31 March 2019, due to banks include cash collateral of nil (31 December 2018: AED 4.7 million), in respect of positive fair value of derivatives, in accordance with the CSA agreements with the interbank counterparties.

11.1 Bilateral borrowings comprise of several borrowings obtained from other banks and financial institutions as follows.

Year obtained	Maturity	Interest rate	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 December 2018 AED'000 Audited
2019	Dec-20	Libor + Margin	183,650	_
2018	Dec-20	Libor + Margin	73,460	73,460
2018	Jun-20	Libor + Margin	91,825	91,825
2018	Dec-19	Libor + Margin	55,095	55,095
2018	Nov-19	Libor + Margin	55,095	55,095
2018	May-20	Libor + Margin	110,190	110,190
2018	Mar-19	Libor + Margin		183,650
2017	Jul-20	Libor + Margin	183,650	183,650
2017	Mar-19	Libor + Margin	-	55,095
2017	Mar-19	Libor + Margin	_	55,095
			752,965	863,155
	2019 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2017	obtained Maturity 2019 Dec-20 2018 Dec-20 2018 Jun-20 2018 Dec-19 2018 Nov-19 2018 May-20 2018 Mar-19 2017 Jul-20 2017 Mar-19	obtained Maturity Interest rate 2019 Dec-20 Libor + Margin 2018 Dec-20 Libor + Margin 2018 Jun-20 Libor + Margin 2018 Dec-19 Libor + Margin 2018 Nov-19 Libor + Margin 2018 May-20 Libor + Margin 2018 Mar-19 Libor + Margin 2017 Jul-20 Libor + Margin 2017 Mar-19 Libor + Margin 2017 Libor + Margin 2017 Libor + Margin	Year obtained Maturity Interest rate 2019 AED'000 Unaudited 2019 Dec-20 Libor + Margin 183,650 Unaudited 2018 Dec-20 Libor + Margin 73,460 Unaudited 2018 Jun-20 Libor + Margin 91,825 Unaudited 2018 Dec-19 Libor + Margin 55,095 Unaudited 2018 Nov-19 Libor + Margin 110,190 Unaudited 2018 Dec-20 Libor + Margin 110,190 Unaudited 2018 May-20 Libor + Margin 110,190 Unaudited 2018 Mar-19 Libor + Margin 183,650 Unaudited 2017 Mar-19 Libor + Margin - 2017 Mar-19 Libor + Margin - 2017 Mar-19 Libor + Margin - 2017 Mar-19 Libor + Margin -

Bilateral borrowings include a Murabaha borrowing amounting to AED 183.7 million (31 December 2018: AED 183.7 million) undertaken through a Shari'a - compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic.

Due to banks include gold related borrowings amounting to AED 198.8 million (31 December 2018: AED 311.2 million) utilized to finance gold loans extended to customers on a matched basis.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

12. Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
By type:		
Demand and margin deposits	9,470,839	8,476,605
Saving deposits	300,340	299,997
Fixed term and notice deposits	20,448,810	21,695,869
	30,219,989	30,472,471
		=========
By geographical area:		
UAE	26,888,911	26,625,113
GCC	1,758,677	2,653,943
Europe	229,739	154,782
Americas	405,324	399,235
Others	937,338	639,398
	30,219,989	30,472,471
		=======================================

12.1 Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits include Qard Islamic current accounts, Murabaha Wakala and Mudaraba deposits amounting to AED 3,710.2 million (31 December 2018: AED 4,194.4 million) undertaken through a Shari'a - compliant Islamic window, NBF Islamic.

13. Shareholders' equity

13.1 Share capital

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Authorised, issued and fully paid:		
1,850,011,482 shares of AED 1 each		
(2018: 1,644,454,651 shares of AED 1 each)	1,850,012	1,644,455

13.2 Proposed dividend

The Board of Directors proposed a distribution of bonus shares of 12.5% of share capital and cash dividend of 7.5% of share capital for the year ended 31 December 2018. This distribution was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Assembly Meeting held in March 2019.

13.3 Conversion of tier 1 capital notes to paid-up share capital

Following approval of the Annual General Assembly Meeting held on 18 March 2018 and regulatory authorities, the tier 1 capital notes of AED 500 million were converted on 30 September 2018 into paid-up share capital represented by 175,438,596 shares of AED 1 each issued at AED 2.85 for each note, resulting in the recognition of AED 324,561,404 in reserves.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

14. Tier 1 capital notes

In March 2013, the Bank issued Tier 1 capital notes with a principal amount of AED 500 million (the "Capital Notes"). Issuance of these Capital Notes was approved by the Bank's Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) in March 2013. The UAE Central Bank has also approved the facility to be considered as Tier 1 capital for regulatory purposes. These Capital Notes bear interest at a fixed rate payable semi-annually in arrears. The Capital Notes are non-cumulative perpetual securities for which there is no fixed redemption date, and are callable by the Bank subject to certain conditions. The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make an interest / coupon payment. These Capital Notes have been converted to paid-up share capital on 30 September 2018 (refer note 13.3).

In March 2015, the Bank issued Tier 1 capital notes with a principal amount of AED 500 million (the "Capital Notes"). Issuance of these Capital Notes was approved by the Bank's Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) in March 2013. The UAE Central Bank has also approved the facility to be considered as Tier 1 capital for regulatory purposes. These Capital Notes bear interest at a fixed rate payable semi-annually in arrears during the initial period of five years, and will be reset every five years based on the then prevailing 5-year AED mid swap rate plus margin. The Capital Notes are non-cumulative perpetual securities for which there is no fixed redemption date, and are callable by the Bank subject to certain conditions. The Bank has also defined conditions for non-viability loss absorption and write-down in line with Basel III guidelines. The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make an interest / coupon payment. Issuance costs of AED 1.538 million were incurred.

15. Net impairment losses

T T	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 March 2018 AED'000 Unaudited
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables,		
acceptances and off balance sheet items	115,291	103,134
Due from banks and financial institutions	1,251	(512)
Investments and Islamic instruments	912	1
	117,454	102,623
		======

16. Earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share for the three month period ended 31 March 2019 is based on net profit of AED 149.5 million (31 March 2018: AED 110.3 million), after deduction of AED 18.1 million (31 March 2018: AED 35.1 million) of coupon payment on Tier 1 capital notes, divided by the weighted average number of shares of 1,850.0 million (31 March 2018: 1,850.0 million shares after adjusting for bonus shares and conversion of tier 1 capital notes to paid-up share capital) outstanding during the period.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

17. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In the case of the Group, related parties, as defined in the International Accounting Standard No. 24, include major shareholders of the Group, directors and officers of the Group and companies of which they are principal owners and key management personnel. Banking transactions are entered into with related parties on agreed terms and conditions approved by the Board of Directors. The significant transactions and balances included in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which predominantly relate to directors and shareholders of the Group, are as follows:

	31 March 2019	31 December 2018
	AED'000	AED'000
	Unaudited	Audited
Statement of financial position items		
Loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables	1,938,159	2,101,575
Customer deposits and Islamic customer deposits	5,840,786	5,737,620
Investments and Islamic instruments	223,106	109,898
Acceptances	11,524	12,719
Tier 1 capital notes	190,000	190,000
Statement of changes in equity items		
Tier 1 capital notes coupon paid	6,888	48,463
	0,000	,
Contingent liabilities		
Letters of credit	77,763	64,510
Financial guarantees and other direct credit substitutes	87,649	87,609
Transaction related contingencies	253,083	264,508
	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 March 2018 AED'000 Unaudited
Statement of income items		
Interest income and income from Islamic financing		
and investment activities	20,874	20,102
Interest expense and distribution to Islamic depositors	48,703	35,049
Other income	2,587	5,631
Key management compensation	-	
Salaries and other short-term benefits	5,503	4,619
Employee end of service benefits	153	137
		,

No stage 3 provisions for impairment have been recognized in respect of loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables given to related parties (31 December 2018: nil).

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

17. Related parties (continued)

The loans and advances and Islamic financing receivables given to related parties amounting to AED 1,938.1 million (31 December 2018: AED 2,101.6 million) have been secured against collateral amounting to AED 1,467.5 million (31 December 2018: AED 1,578.4 million).

During 2018, the Bank purchased plots of land from a related party amounting to AED 99.6 million.

18. Capital adequacy ratio

The Bank's risk weighted assets (RWA) are weighted on the basis of relative credit, market, and operational risks. Credit risk includes both on and off-balance sheet risks. In accordance with the Basel III Compliance – Standardized Approach, the Bank is following the standardized measurement approach for credit, market and operational risk, under the existing Pillar 1 of Basel II requirements with the addition of the respective changes pertinent to capital supply.

The quantitative requirements, based on the regulations / guidelines, have been detailed below:

- i. Total regulatory capital (net of regulatory adjustments) at least 10.5% of risk weighted assets (RWAs) comprises of two tiers:
 - a. Tier 1 capital at least 8.5% of RWA, composed of:
 - Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) at least 7.0% of RWA; and
 - Additional Tier 1 (AT1)

Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) includes ordinary share capital, statutory reserve, special reserve, retained earnings and fair value reserves relating to unrealized gains on investments classified as FVOCI / available-for-sale with a hair-cut of 55%; and Additional Tier 1 (AT1) comprises of Tier 1 capital notes.

b. Tier 2 capital

It includes collective impairment provision and sub-ordinated facilities. Collective impairment provision, including credit risk reserve, shall not exceed 1.25% of total credit risk weighted assets.

ii. Banks must maintain a Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB) of 2.5% of RWAs in the form of CET1 capital. CBUAE may also require banks to implement Countercyclical Buffer (CCyB), to protect the banks from periods of excess aggregate credit growth. CCyB must be met by using CET1 capital and the level may vary between 0 - 2.5% of RWAs.

Minimum transitional arrangements as per CBUAE and the capital adequacy ratios as at 31 March 2019 and 31 December 2018 are shown below

Capital element	Basel III Minimum requirement	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 December 2018
Common equity tier 1 ratio	7.0%	13.3%	12.6%
Tier 1 capital ratio	8.5%	14.7%	14.1%
Capital adequacy ratio	10.5%	15.9%	15.2%

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

19. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances from the date of acquisition:

	31 March 2019 AED'000 Unaudited	31 March 2018 AED'000 Unaudited
Cash on hand Balances with the UAE Central Bank (note 19.1) Due from banks with less than three months maturity	227,991 4,171,790 852,568	222,620 4,002,437 685,123
Due to banks with less than three months maturity	5,252,349 (957,681)	4,910,180 (703,521)
	4,294,668	4,206,659

19.1 Balances with the UAE Central Bank include certificates of deposit. In accordance with UAE Central Bank regulations on issuance of Central Bank certificates of deposit, the Bank can enter into repurchase agreements in order to obtain short term liquidity.

20. Segmental reporting

The Group uses business segments for presenting its segment information in line with the Group's management and internal reporting structure. The Group's operations are confined mainly in the UAE.

Business segments pay and receive interest, to and from Treasury on an arm's length basis to reflect allocation of capital and funding costs.

Business segments

The Group conducts its activity through the following clearly defined business segments:

Corporate and Institutional banking

Corporate and Institutional segments

The segment offers a range of products and services including credit and trade finance products, and services to large and medium sized corporate customers through separate units and to financial institutions, and accepts deposits.

Business banking segment

The segment offers a range of products and services including credit and trade finance products, and services to small and medium sized customers through separate units, and accepts deposits. The segment also offers transactional services to small and medium sized businesses.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

20. Segmental reporting (continued)

Business segments (continued)

Retail banking

The segment offers a range of products and services to individuals and high net worth individuals including personal and mortgage loans, credit cards, other transactions and balances, and accepts their deposits.

Treasury, Asset and Liability Management (ALM) and others

The segment undertakes the Group's asset and liability management centrally and is responsible for optimum utilization of resources in productive assets and management of exchange and interest positions within the limits and guidelines set by management and approved by the Board.

Treasury also offers various foreign exchange and derivative products to customers and is entrusted with the responsibility of managing the Group's investment portfolio together with the Investment Management Unit under the guidance from the Investment Committee and Asset and Liability Committee. The Group's capital and investment in subsidiaries is recognised under this segment.

The Group has central shared services which include Operations, Risk Management, Human Resources, Finance, Information Technology, Product Development, Legal, Credit and Internal Audit. The shared services cost is allocated to business segments based on transaction and relevant drivers.

The segment analysis based on business segments is set out below:

Three month period ended 31 March 2019 - AED'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate and institutional segments	Business banking segment	Retail banking	Treasury, ALM and others	Consolidated
Segment Revenue	225,970	73,512	34,340	81,631	415,453
Segment operating cost	(64,328)	(32,768)	(25,914)	(7,364)	(130,374)
Segment operating profit	161,642	40,744	8,426	74,267	285,079
Net impairment losses	(71,210)	(32,337)	(11,580)	(2,327)	(117,454)
Profit / (loss)	90,432	8,407	(3,154)	71,940	167,625
31 March 2019 (Unaudited)					
Segment assets	23,000,992	3,342,588	2,987,354	10,712,243	40,043,177
Segment liabilities	26,882,634	3,549,050	2,801,095	1,633,905	34,866,684
Capital expenditure	-	_	-	7,248	7,248

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information

For the three month period ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

20. Segmental reporting (continued)

Three month period ended 31 March 2018 - AED'000 (Unaudited)	Corporate and institutional segments	Business banking segment	Retail banking	Treasury, ALM and others	Consolidated
Segment revenue	208,761	70,355	29,339	60,737	369,192
Segment operating cost	(58,185)	(30,684)	(24,655)	(7,691)	(121,215)
Segment operating profit	150,576	39,671	4,684	53,046	247,977
Net impairment losses	(74,392)	(18,265)	(4,734)	(5,232)	(102,623)
Profit / (loss)	76,184	21,406	(50)	47,814	145,354
31 December 2018 (Audited)					
Segment assets	22,965,960	3,308,935	2,911,574	10,596,817	39,783,286
Segment liabilities	27,391,997	3,296,130	2,725,155	1,248,138	34,661,420
Capital expenditure	-	-	-	153,223	153,223